[~116H8733]

	((Original Signature of Member)
117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION	H.R.	

To authorize the President to take actions to ensure Israel is prepared for all contingencies if Iran seeks to develop a nuclear weapon, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Gottheimer introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To authorize the President to take actions to ensure Israel is prepared for all contingencies if Iran seeks to develop a nuclear weapon, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Bunker Buster Act".
- 5 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 6 Congress finds the following:
- 7 (1) The United States Nuclear Regulatory
- 8 Commission defines "high-enriched uranium" as

	2
1	uranium enriched to at least 20 percent uranium-
2	235.
3	(2) Under the 2015 Joint Comprehensive Plan
4	of Action, Iran agreed to refrain from producing en-
5	riched uranium containing more than 3.67 percent
6	uranium–235 for 15 years.
7	(3) On January 13, 2019, the head of the
8	Atomic Energy Organization of Iran, Dr. Ali Akbar
9	Salehi, told the Fars News Agency, "If we want to
10	come out of the nuclear deal and produce, within
11	four days we could start our 20 percent.".
12	(4) On June 17, 2019, the spokesman for
13	Iran's Atomic Energy Organization, Behrouz
14	Kamalvandi, suggested that Iran's enrichment could
15	reach up to 20 percent.
16	(5) On April 16, 2021, the head of the Atomic
17	Energy Organization of Iran, Dr. Ali Akbar Salehi,
18	told the state television that Iran had begun enrich-
19	ing uranium to 60 percent.
20	(6) On July 14, 2021, the former President of
21	Iran, President Hassan Rouhani, says during a
22	press conference that Iran has the knowledge and
23	ability to enrich weapons-grade uranium at 90 per-
24	cent.

1	(7) On September 7, 2021, the International
2	Atomic Energy Agency warned in their quarterly re-
3	port of the knowledge gained by Iran about ad-
4	vanced centrifuge performance and higher-level en-
5	richment that cannot be fully reversed. The report
6	showed that the stockpile of 60 percent enriched
7	uranium grew from 2.4 kilograms in May to 10 kilo-
8	grams. It also indicated Iran reconfigured its 60
9	percent production lines at Natanz and appears to
10	be enriching to that level more efficiently and con-
11	sistently.
12	SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
13	It is the sense of Congress that the United States
14	should—
15	(1) seek to extend the limitations on Iran's en-
16	riched uranium, including through engagement in
17	multilateral diplomatic initiatives;
18	(2) ensure that Israel and other allies are pre-
19	pared for all contingencies if Iran pursues develop-
20	ment of a nuclear weapon;
21	(3) send a clear signal to Iran that development
22	of a nuclear weapon will never be tolerated; and
23	(4) reaffirm the United States commitment to
24	deter Iranian nuclear development with a credible
25	military threat.

1 SEC. 4. STUDY AND REPORT.

- 2 (a) STUDY.—The President, acting through the Sec-
- 3 retary of Defense, shall seek to conduct a study with the
- 4 Government of Israel on Israeli military requirements to
- 5 defend itself against a wide range of threats to Israel's
- 6 qualitative military edge (as such term is defined in sec-
- 7 tion 36(h)(3) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
- 8 2776(h)(3))) and national security, including an Iranian
- 9 nuclear weapon. Such study shall include an analysis of
- 10 gaps in Israel's security requirements, including infra-
- 11 structure, munitions, intelligence sharing, satellites, and
- 12 the extent to which the transfer of United States ordnance
- 13 to Israel would advance the national interests of both
- 14 countries.
- 15 (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 16 of the enactment of this Act, the President shall transmit
- 17 to Congress a report that contains the results of the study
- 18 described in subsection (a).
- (c) FORM.—The report referred to in subsection (b)
- 20 shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include
- 21 a classified annex.
- 22 SEC. 5. ACTIONS TO ENSURE ISRAEL IS PREPARED FOR
- 23 ALL CONTINGENCIES IF IRAN SEEKS TO DE-
- VELOP A NUCLEAR WEAPON.
- 25 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the preliminary condi-
- 26 tions described in subsection (b), the President is author-

1	ized to take the actions described in subsection (c), upon
2	the request of the Government of Israel, to ensure Israel
3	is prepared for all contingencies if Iran seeks to develop
4	a nuclear weapon.
5	(b) Preliminary Conditions.—The President may
6	exercise the authority of subsection (a) only if the Presi-
7	dent first determines and certifies to Congress that—
8	(1) it is consistent with the results of the study
9	and report required under section 4 to do so; and
10	(2) it is vital to the national security interests
11	of the United States to do so.
12	(c) ACTIONS DESCRIBED.—The actions described in
13	this subsection are the following:
14	(1) To provide for the construction of infra-
15	structure in Israel to accommodate large ordnance
16	systems that are designed to destroy underground
17	nuclear infrastructure, including—
18	(A) construction of extended runways for
19	aircraft that carry the Massive Ordnance Pene-
20	trator (MOP);
21	(B) basing options for such aircraft; and
22	(C) munition storage facilities.
23	(2)(A) To store in the territory of Israel the
24	MOP or related munitions described in paragraph

1	(1), to be used by the United States except as pro-
2	vided in subparagraph (B).
3	(B) To transfer the MOP or related munitions
4	described in paragraph (1) to Israeli custody if the
5	President determines and certifies to Congress
6	that—
7	(i) Iran—
8	(I) is in noncompliance with the NPT
9	Safeguards Agreement;
10	(II) has modified its implementation
11	of the NPT Safeguards Agreement (includ-
12	ing modified Code 3.1); or
13	(III) as determined by the President,
14	has reduced access of inspectors of the
15	Agency in such a manner so as to be prej-
16	udicial to the Agency's ability to provide
17	confidence as to the non-diversion of de-
18	clared nuclear material and absence of
19	undeclared nuclear activities;
20	(ii) it is vital to the national security of the
21	United States to do so;
22	(iii) Israel has no other means to achieve
23	a mutual national security objective of destroy-
24	ing Iran's underground nuclear infrastructure
25	or facilities; and

1	(iv) a dual key control system is in place
2	requiring approval by the President, acting
3	through the Secretary of Defense (which may
4	not be further delegated) for deployment of the
5	MOP or related munitions described in para-
6	graph (1) prior to Israeli deployment of such
7	munitions.
8	(3) To provide for training of Israeli personnel
9	with respect to the MOP or related munitions de-
10	scribed in paragraph (1).
11	(4) To conduct joint research and development
12	with Israel to—
13	(A) enhance United States ordnance; and
14	(B) develop Israeli capability for ordnance
15	to destroy underground infrastructure, includ-
16	ing Hezbollah rocket storage and manufac-
17	turing facilities and underground Iranian nu-
18	clear facilities.
19	(d) NPT Safeguards Agreement Defined.—In
20	this section, the term "NPT Safeguards Agreement"
21	means the Agreement between Iran and the International
22	Atomic Energy Agency for the Application of Safeguards
23	in Connection with the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation
24	of Nuclear Weapons, which entered into force on May 15,
25	1974.

1 SEC. 6. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 2 Nothing in this Act may be construed to serve as an
- 3 authorization for the use of military force against Iran.